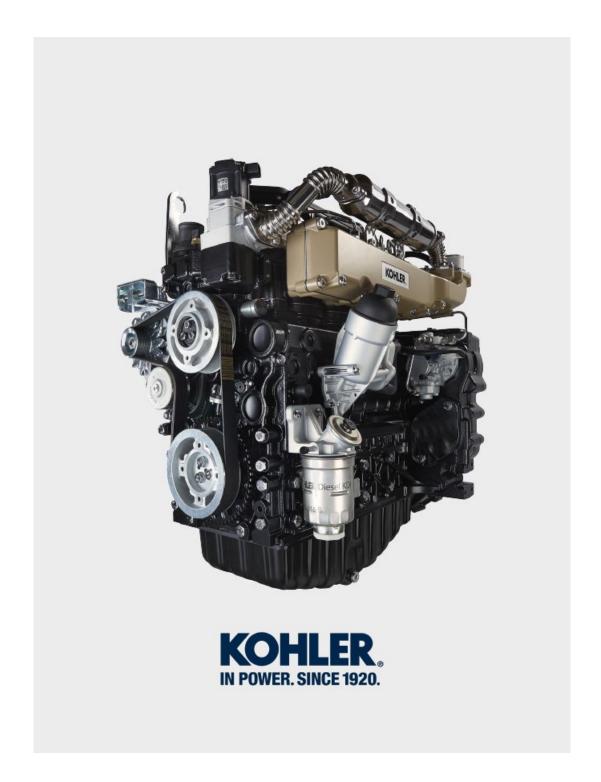
KDI 3404TCR-SCR

OWNER MANUAL





REGISTRATION OF MODIFICATIONS TO THE DOCUMENT

Any modifications to this document must be registered by the drafting body, by completing the following table.

Released by	Document code	Revision	Issue date	Review date	Edited by	Endorsed
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Translated from the original manual in Italian language.

Data reported in this issue can be modified at any time by KOHLER.



Important

The latest version of this manual is available on the i-Service website, connect to the following link https://iservice.lombardini.it, before downloading the manual, you can select the desired language from the top bar of the site as shown in the figure below.

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1.1 Manual's Purpose

- This manual contains the instructions needed to carry out proper use and maintenance of the engine, therefore it must always be available, for future reference when required.
- This manual is an integral part of the engine, in the event of transfer or sale, it must be attached to it.
- Safety pictograms can be found on the engine and it is the operator's responsibility to keep them in a perfectly visible place and replace them when they are no longer legible.
- Information, description and pictures in this manual reflect the state of the art at the time of the marketing of engine.
- However, development on the engines is continuous. Therefore, the information within this manual is subject to change without notice and without obligation.
- KOHLER reserves the right to make, at any time, changes in the engines for technical or commercial reasons.
- These changes do not require **KOHLER** to intervene on the marketed production up to that time and not to consider this manual as inappropriate.
- Any additional section that KOHLER will deem necessary to supply some time after the main text shall be kept together with the manual and considered as an integral part of it.
- The information contained within this manual is the sole property of **KOHLER**. As such, no reproduction or replication in whole or part is allowed without the express written permission of **KOHLER**.

1.2 Glossary and Definitions

The paragraphs, tables and figure are divided into chapter with their progressive numbers. Es:

- Par. 2.3 chapter 2 paragraph 3.
- Tab. 3.4 chapter 3 table 4.
- Fig. 5.5 chapter 5 figure 5.

The references of the objects described in the text and in figure and number are indicated by letters, which are always and only related to the paragraph you are reading unless there are specific references to other figures or paragraphs.

NOTE: All data, measurements and relevant symbols are shown in the glossary section.

1

GENERAL INFORMATION



1.3 Emission-Related Installation Instructions

Failing to follow the instructions in the applications guidebook when installing a certified engine in a piece of nonroad equipment violates federal law (40 CFR 1068.105(b)), subject to fines or other penalties as described in the Clean Air Act. OEM must apply a separate label with the following statement: "ULTRA LOW SULFUR FUEL ONLY" near the fuel inlet.

Ensure you are installing an engine appropriately certified for your application. Constant speed engines may only be installed on constant speed equipment for constant speed operation.

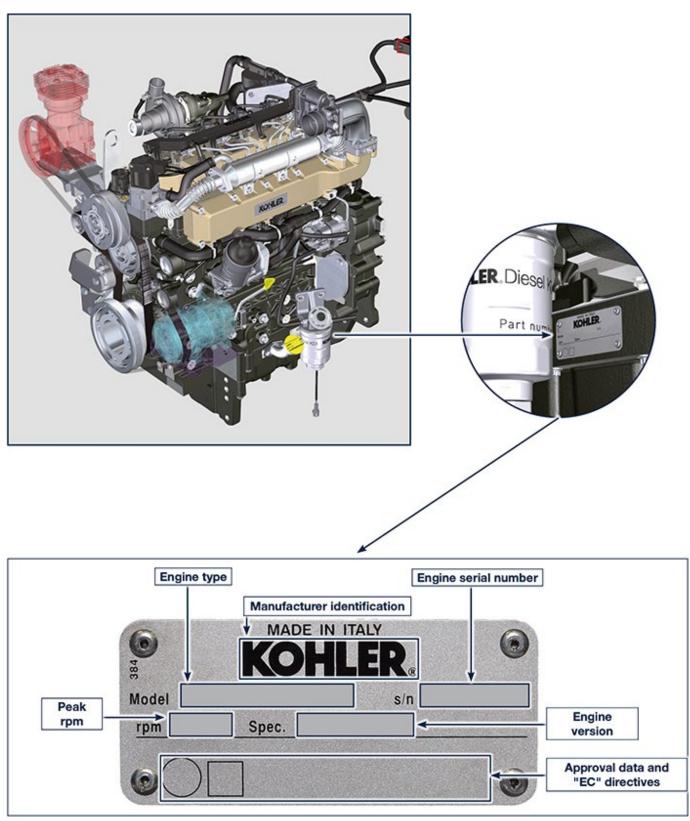
If you install the engine in a way that makes the engine's emission control information label hard to read during normal engine maintenance, you must place a duplicate label on the equipment, as described in 40 CFR 1068.105.

1.4 Service request

- The complete and updated list of authorized Kohler Co. service centers can be found on websites: Errore. Riferimento a collegamento ipertestuale non valido. & dealers.kohlerpower.it.
- If you have any questions regarding your warranty rights and responsibilities or the location of the nearest **Kohler Co.** authorized service location, you should contact **Kohler Co.** at 1-800-544-2444 or access our website at www.kohlerengines.com (USA and North American).



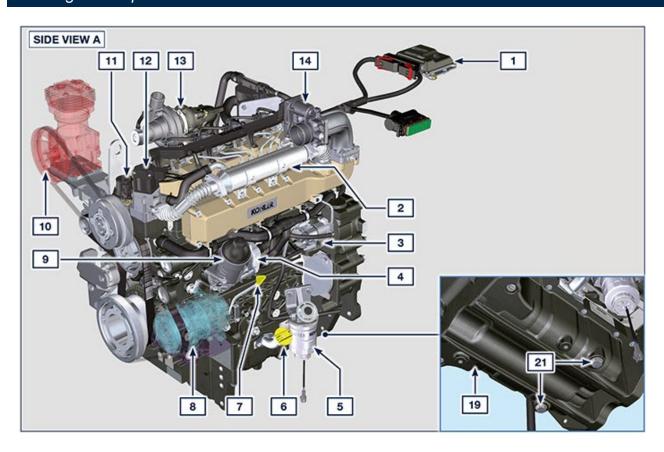
1.5 Manufacturer and engine identification

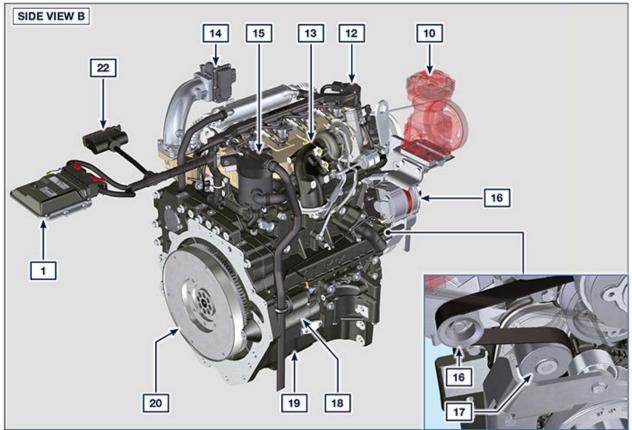


1.1

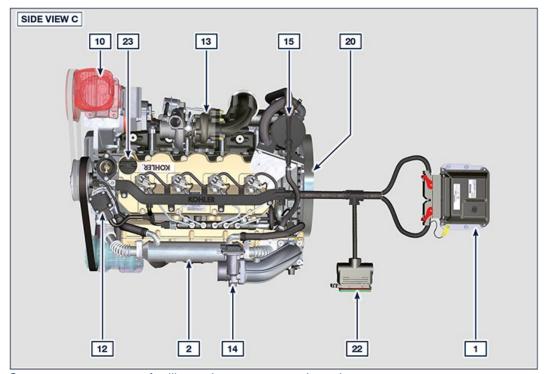


Engine component identification









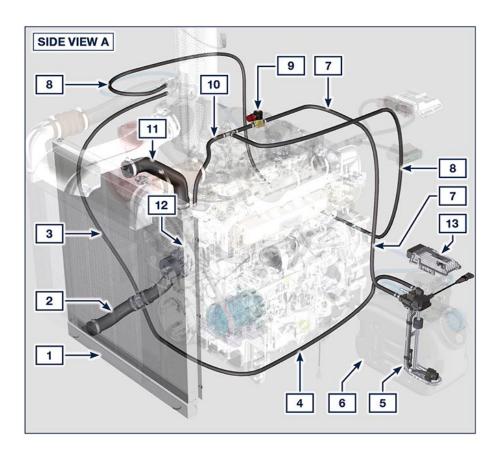
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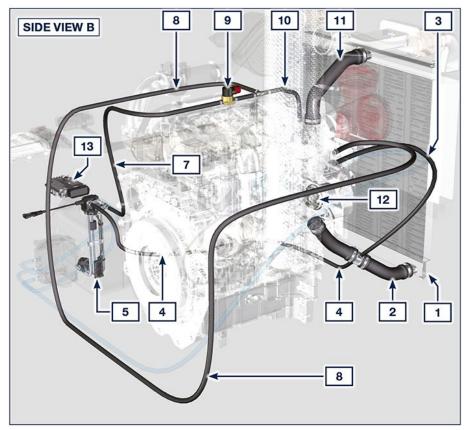
NOTE: Components in Pos. 8, 10 are not supplied by Kohler.

POS.	DESCRIPTION
1	ECU
2	EGR Cooler
3	High-pressure fuel injection pump
4	Oil cooler
5	Fuel filter
6	Oil filler side cap
7	Oil dipstick
8	AC compressor
9	Lub. oil filter
10	Brake compressor
11	Thermostatic valve
12	EGR valve
13	Turbocharger
14	Air inlet valve
15	Oil steam separator
16	Alternator
17	Coolant pump
18	Starter motor
19	Oil sump
20	Flywheel
21	Oil drain plug
22	Wiring
23	Oil filler cap



Cooling circuit







1

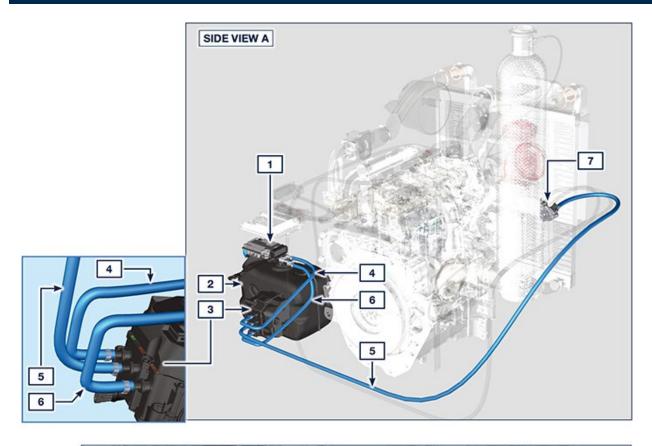
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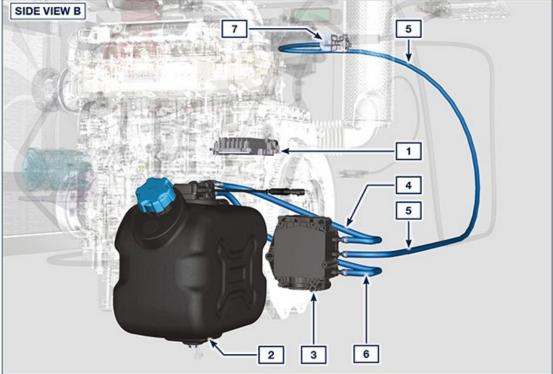
NOTE: Components in Pos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 7, 8, 10, 11 are not supplied by Kohler.

POS.	DESCRIPTION
1	Radiator
2	Intake sleeve
3	Intake return tube
4	Intake return tube
5	Circuit for DEF heating
6	DEF tank
7	Coolant delivery tube in DEF tank
8	Coolant delivery tube to DEF injector
9	Electronic valve for coolant delivery to DEF tank
10	Coolant delivery tube to SCR system
11	Coolant to radiator return sleeve
12	Coolant pump
13	SCR system control unit



DEF circuit





Some components are for illustrative purposes only and may vary.

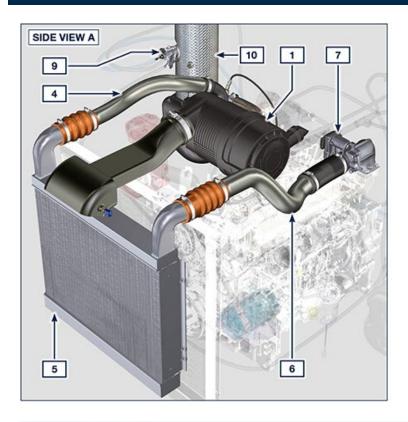
NOTE: Components in Pos. 4, 5, 6 are not supplied by Kohler.

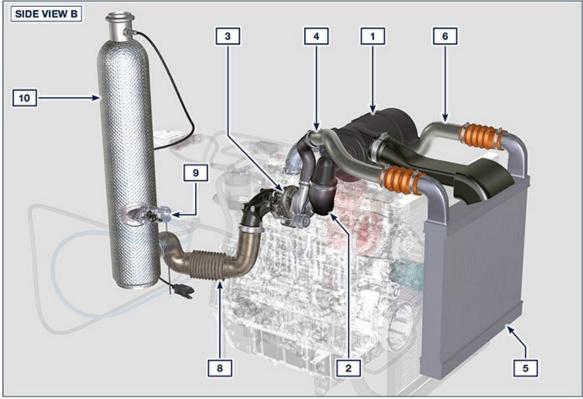


POS.	DESCRIPTION
1	SCR system control unit
2	DEF tank
3	DEF pump
4	DEF intake tube
5	DEF delivery tube to DEF injector
6	Return tube in DEF tank
7	DEF injector



Intake and exhaust circuit





Some components are for illustrative purposes only and may vary.

NOTE: Components in Pos. 1, 2, 4, 5, 6 are not supplied by Kohler.

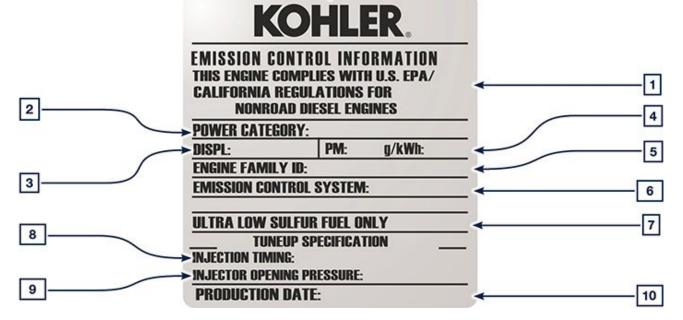
POS.	DESCRIPTION
1	Air filter
2	Air intake sleeve
3	Turbocharger
4	Air delivery tube to Intercooler
5	Intercooler
6	Air delivery tube to intake manifold
7	Air inlet valve
8	Exhaust gas delivery hose to SCR
9	DEF injector
10	SCR



1.10 Homologation labels

1.10.1 Label for EPA rules (compilation example)

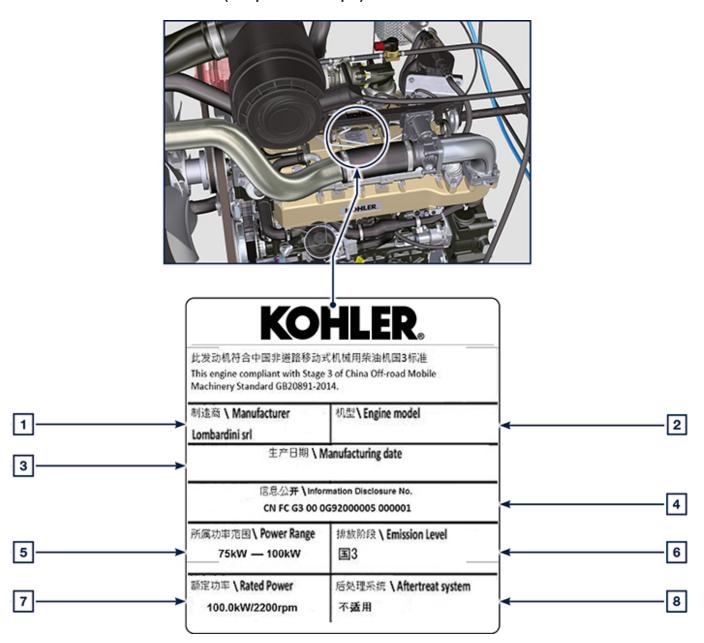




POS.	DESCRIPTION
1	Model year in compliance with the rules
2	Power category (kW)
3	Engine displacement (L)
4	Particulate emission limit (g/kWh)
5	Engine family ID
6	Emission Control System = ECS
7	Fuel with low sulphur content
8	Injection timing
9	Electronic injector opening pressure (bar)
10	Production date (example: 2013.JAN)



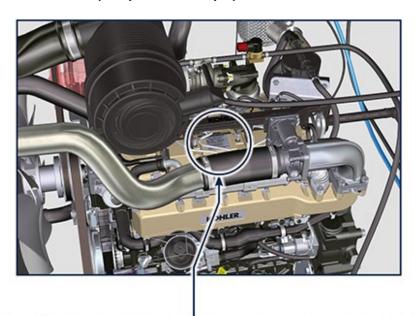
1.10.2 Label for China Standards (compilation example)

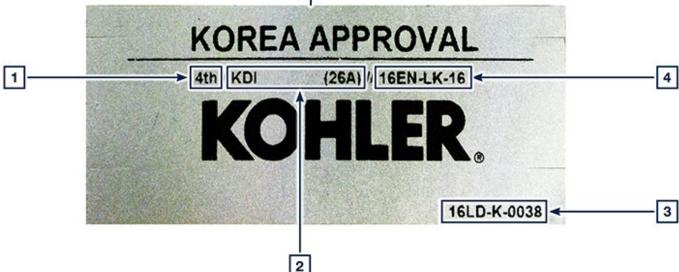


POS.	DESCRIPTION
1	Manufacturer
2	Engine model
3	Manufactoring date
4	Certificate N°
5	Power range (kW)
6	Emission level
7	Rated power
8	Aftertreat system



1.10.3 Label for Korea Standards (compilation example)





POS.	DESCRIPTION
1	Tier 4 Final
2	Engine model
3	Manufactoring date and manufacturer code
4	N° Korea emission certificate

2.1 General description of the engine

- 4-stroke, in-line cylinders Diesel engine;
- Liquid-cooling system;
- 4 valves per cylinder with hydraulic tappets;
- Turbocharger with Waste-gate valve;
- Common rail Direct injection.

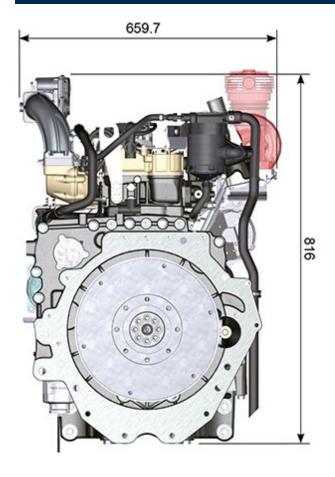
2.2 Engine specifications

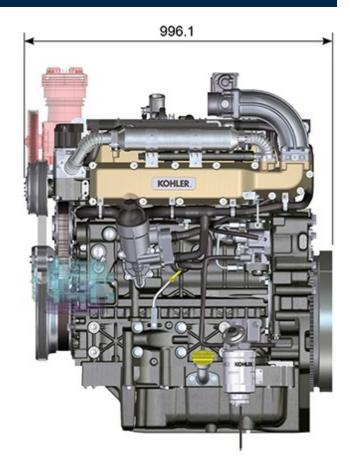
2.1

TECHNICAL DATA	UNIT OF MEASURE	
Engine type		KDI 3404 TCR SCR
Cylinders	n.	4
Bore	mm	96
Stroke	mm	116
Displacement	cm ³	3359
MAY INCLINATION DUDING OPERATION (average according of	α	40° max 30 min.
MAX INCLINATION DURING OPERATION (even in combined)	α	45° max 1 min.
OIL CAPACITY (MAX level.) including oil filter standard version	lt.	15.6
DRY WEIGHT		394



2.3 Engine dimensions (mm)





2.4 Oil



Important

- The engine may be damaged if operated with improper oil level.
- Do not exceed the MAX level because a sudden increase in engine rpm could be caused by its combustion.
- Use only the recommended oil to ensure adequate protection, efficiency and service life of the engine.
- The use of lubricants other than recommended may shorten the engine life.
- Viscosity must be appropriate to the ambient temperature to which the engine is to be exposed.



Danger

- Prolonged skin contact with the exhausted engine oil can cause cancer of the skin.
- If contact with oil cannot be avoided, thoroughly wash your hands with soap and water as soon as possible.
- For the exhausted oil disposal, refer to the Par. DISPOSAL and SCRAPPING.



2

2.4.1 SAE oil classification

- In the SAE classification, oils are identified according to viscosity without considering any other qualitative characteristic.
- The code is composed of two numbers, which indicate, and must correspond to, the ambient temperature in which the engine operates, the first number refers to the viscosity when cold, for use during winter ("**W**"), while the second number is for viscosity at high temperatures.

2.2

RECCOMENDED OIL					
		TCR STAGE-V (*1) (*2)	TCR TIER IV FINAL (*1)	TCR/D TIER III o NON CERTIFICATO (*3)	
WITH SPECIFICATIONS	API	CJ-4 Low S.A.P.S CK-4 Low S.A.P.S	CJ-4 Low S.A.P.S CK-4 Low S.A.P.S	CI-4 Plus CI-4 CH-4	
	ACEA	E6 Low S.A.P.S.	E6 Low S.A.P.S.	E7 E4	
VISCOSITY	SAE	0w-40 (-40°C ÷ +50°C) 5w-40 (-30°C ÷ +50°C) 10w-40 (-25°C ÷ +50°C)	0w-40 (-40°C ÷ +50°C) 5w-40 (-30°C ÷ +50°C) 10w-40 (-25°C ÷ +50°C)	0w-40 (-40°C ÷ +50°C) 5w-40 (-30°C ÷ +50°C) 10w-40 (-25°C ÷ +50°C)	

- Low S.A.P.S. technology (oil with low Sulfated Ash, Phosphorus, Sulfur content) keeps catalyst in good working conditions. The presence of sulfated ash, phosphorus and sulfur causes with time the catalyst clogging and its consequent inefficiency.
- For Mid S.A.P.S oil sequence the sulfated ash level is the same as API CJ-4 ≤ 1.0% but as per ACEA standardization those oils are referenced as mid SAPS.
- Filtration of oils is critical to proper operation and lubrication; always change filters regularly as specified in this manual.
- (*1) NOTA: Do NOT use fuel with sulphur content above 15ppm.
- (*2) On all engines compliant with Stage-V emission regulation (engines with DPF device), the oil to use must comply with the specification API CJ-4 Low S.A.P.S or ACEA E6 Low S.A.P.S.
- (*3) NOTE: Do NOT use fuel with sulphur content above 500ppm.
- (*3) NOTE: Low S.A.P.S. oils, sulfate ashes <1% may not be used with fuels with a sulfur content >50ppm.



2.5 **Fuel**



Important

• Use of other types of fuel could damage the engine. Do not use dirty diesel fuel or mixtures of diesel fuel and water since this will cause serious engine faults.



Warning

- Clean fuel prevents the fuel injectors from clogging. Immediately clean up any spillage during refuelling.
- Never store diesel fuel in galvanized containers (i.e. coated with zinc). Diesel fuel and the galvanized coating react chemically to each other, producing flaking that quickly clogs filters or causes fuel pump and/or injector failure.
- Any failure resulting from the use of fuel other than Tab. 2.3, 2.4 will not be covered by warranty.

Cetane number of 40 minimum. Cetane number greater than 47 is preferred, especially for temperatures below -20 °C (-4 °F) or elevations above 1675 m (5500 ft.). 2.3

	Certification					Remarks	
	E	U	Tier				
Fuel Type	Sta	ige	(US	A)		*1: the regions known as poor lubricity diesel fuel	
\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	5 4 3B	3A	IVF	Ш	no certification (*1)	quality or if the engine is operated with Jet fuels, the primary filter must be with lubricity dosing capability	
HVO 100% (EN 15940) Military NATO Fuel F-54 (S = 10 ppm) JIS K 2204						Power and torque might be 1% to 5% lower due to low fuel density compared to standard diesel fuel.	
No.1, No.2							
(EN 590 - DIN 51628)						Do NOT USE vegetable oils as a biofuel not compliant with EN590 prescription.	
Grade 1-D S15							
						For ambient temperatures below 0°C (32°F) with no arctic fuel available (Grade 1-D S15, Grade 2-D S15, ASTM D 975) use the following additives to prevent possible engine damage with low engine load in cold weather: • Power Service Diesel Fuel Supplement+Cetane	
						Boost Different additives are not allowed.	
Grade 2-D S15						Different additives are not allowed.	
						The use of approved additives has no impact on the engine maintenance schedule.	
						Do NOT USE vegetable oils as a biofuel not compliant with ASTM D975 Grade1 and Grade2 prescription.	

	Certification				tion	Remarks		
Fuel Type	EU		Tier					
ruei i ype		age	(US	A)		*1: the regions known as poor lubricity diesel fuel		
V	5 4	ЗА	IVF	Ш	no certification (*1)	quality or if the engine is operated with Jet fuels, the primary filter must be with lubricity dosing capability. Contact Kohler for information about the approved filter		
	3B					for this purpose.		
Sulphur Fuel S < 500 ppm High Sulphur Fuel S < 2000 ppm F-34/F-35								
(kerosene, NATO designation) F-44 (kerosene,								
NATO designation) F-63 (kerosene,						Operations with Jet Fuels		
NATO designation, equivalent to F- 34/F-35 with additives) JP-8 (kerosene, US						The jet fuels can be used but only adopting an additional fuel filter with lubricity doser. Because of lower density and greater leak fuel volume due to lower viscosity, depending on the engine speed and torque, a power loss up to 10% is possible.		
military designation) JP-5 (kerosene, US military designation) Jet A (kerosene for civil aviation) Jet A1 (kerosene for civil aviation)						There are some problematical fuel proprieties amongst the listed jet fuels (viscosity, lubricating capacities and low boiling point). A slight increase in wear in the injection system is to be expected which can lead to a statistically shorter life of these components. Sulphur content must be below 2000ppm.		

2.4

FUEL ADDITIVES	Remarks
Fuel additives with biocide/algaecide functions only are allowed in case of storage of fuel in the tank for long periods (one year or more).	For suggested brands and types contact Kohler staff
These additives must be diluted in the fuel following the product prescribed percentages when filling the tank.	
Additives with functions other than biocide / algaecide are not al-lowed.	



2.6 DEF

- 1. Also known as "AUS 32" in Europe, "DEF" or "Urea Solution" in the USA, it is registered with the "AdBlue [®] " brand at the Verband der Automobilindustrie (VDA), and must comply with the following ISO standards:
 - ISO 22241-1 Quality requirements
 - ISO 22241-2 Test Methods
 - ISO 22241-3 Handling, transportation and Storing
 - ISO 22241-4 Refilling Interface
- 2. The DEF tank must be filled by means of the specific automatic filling nozzle at the authorised distributors, refer to the car manual for refilling operations.
- Upon refilling, comply with the MAX level indicated on the tank.
- 4. During the refilling operations prevent any impurity from entering the tank.
- 5. At tank inlet there is a filter that must be periodically cleaned or replaced (see maintenance and replacement table - for tank supplied by Kohler only).
- 6. DEF quality must comply with the specifications described in Table 2.5.



Warning

- Do not mix DEF with fuel or other liquids (including water) and do not fill the fuel tank with DEF.
- The presence of DEF inside the specific tank is required to start the engine.
- Purchase in containers: the container, even if opened, can be stocked with the same conditions of a sealed container.
- Do not stock the container with a temperature higher than 35°C as this could alter the DEF.
- In case of DEF freezing inside the container (< -11,5 °C | 11,3 °F), DEF can be used when it returns to its liquid state.
- Do not expose DEF to direct sunlight.
- In case of opening and closing of the original purchase container, DEF must be checked through a spectrometer to check its quality before use.
- Do not insert altered DEF in the tank as the engine could not respect the emission parameters, generate DCU errors and as a consequence turn off or fail to start the engine.

2.5

PARAMETERS	UNIT OF MEASUREMENT	VALUE
Title	Weight %	31,8 ÷ 33,2
Density at 20°C	kg/m3	1.087 ÷ 1.093
Refraction index at 20°C	°C	1,3814 ÷ 1,3843
Alkalinity like NH3	Weight %	< 0,2
Biuret	Weight %	< 0,3
Aldehyde	mg/kg	< 5
Insoluble	mg/kg	< 20
Phosphates like PO4	mg/kg	< 0,5
Calcium	mg/kg	< 0,5
Iron	mg/kg	< 0,5
Copper	mg/kg	< 0,2
Zinc	mg/kg	< 0,2

Chrome	mg/kg	< 0,2
Nickel	mg/kg	< 0,2
Aluminium	mg/kg	< 0,5
Magnesium	mg/kg	< 0,5
Sodium	mg/kg	< 0,5
Potassium	mg/kg	< 0,5
Freezing point	°C	11

2.7 Coolant recommendation

A mixture of 50% demineralized water and 50% low silicate ethylene glycol based coolant liquid must be used. Use a Long Life or Extended Life Heavy Duty OAT coolant free of: silicates, phosphates, borates, nitrites and amines.

The following ethylene-glycol based engine coolant for all models within KDI engine family may be used:

- OAT (Organic Acid Technology) Low Silicate: ASTM D-3306 D-6210
- HOAT (Hybrid Organic Acid Technology) Low Silicate: ASTM D-3306 D-6210

The above coolants in concentrated formulation must be mixed with distilled, deionized, or demineralized water. A pre-mixed formulation (40-60% or 50-50%) can be used directly when available.



Important

- Do not mix ethylene glycol and propylene glycol based coolants. Do not mix OAT and HOAT based coolant. OAT performance life can be drastically reduced if contaminated with nitrite-containing coolants.
- Never use automotive-type coolants. These coolants do not contain the correct additives to protect heavy duty diesel engines.

OAT coolants are maintenance free up to 6 years or 6000hrs of operation, provided that the cooling system is topped up using the same type of coolant. Do not mix different coolant types. Test the coolant condition annually with coolant test strips.

HOAT are not all maintenance free and it is recommended to have SCA (Supplemental Coolant Additives) added at the first maintenance interval.

2.8 Battery recommendation

Battery not supplied by Kohler

2.6

RECOMMENDED BATTERIES						
AMBIENT TEMPERATURE	STARTER MOTOR	OIL	BATTERY TYPE	MACHINE CONDITION		
≥ - 25°C	3.2kW + HEATER	10W-40	880CCA SAE (=1000 A (EN))	light hydraulic parasitic loads or mechanical clutch and gearbox		
≥ - 25°C	4.2kW + HEATER	5W-40	1000CCA SAE =(1250 A (EN))	heavy hydraulic parasitic loads		



2.9 Inducement strategy of ATS system

The inducement is the operation aimed at reducing the engine performance due to a malfunction or tampering with the ATS system detected by the DCU.

The inducement degree is decided by the ECU according to the error detected by the DCU.

The information on the car panel or the activation of the inducement can occur for the following reasons:

- Low DEF level
- Poor DEF quality
- Interruption of DEF supply
- EGR valve malfunctioning
- Tampering with the monitoring systems of the ATS system.

The inducement strategy is applied according to:

- detected problem
- hours passed.

NOTE: Hours are reset after 40h if the DCU does not detect any fault, otherwise the hours are added to those already counted. For low DEF level, activation depends on the percentage of liquid inside the DEF tank, and the fault hours are not counted.



2

The strategy for the different faults is listed below (Stage V - EU):

The inducement can have the following 2 levels:

- Level 1: 25% reduction of the MAX available torque.
- Level 2: 50% reduction of the MAX available torque and 40% reduction of MAX rpm available.

Before activating the inducement (level 1 or level 2) the ECU activates a warning or a warning light on the car panel (refer to the car documentation for the warning type).

Low DEF level

- information activation on car panel: <10% of MAX level
- Level 1 inducement: <2.5% of MAX level
- Level 2 inducement: 0% of MAX level

Poor DEF quality

- information activation on car panel: upon fault detection
- · Level 1 inducement: after 10h from fault detection
- Level 2 inducement: after 20h from fault detection

Interruption of DEF supply

- information activation on car panel: upon fault detection
- Level 1 inducement: after 10h from fault detection
- Level 2 inducement: after 20h from fault detection

EGR valve malfunctioning

- information activation on car panel: upon fault detection
- Level 1 inducement: after 36h from fault detection
- Level 2 inducement: after 100h from fault detection

Tampering with the monitoring systems of the ATS system

- information activation on car panel: upon fault detection
- Level 1 inducement: after 36h from fault detection
- Level 2 inducement: after 100h from fault detection



The strategy for the different faults is listed below (Tier 4 Final - USA):

The inducement can have the following 3 levels:

- Level 1: 25% reduction of the MAX available torque.
- Level 2: 50% reduction of the MAX available torque and 40% reduction of MAX rpm available.
- Level 3: the engine operates at minimum rpm and MAX torque available

Before activating the inducement (level 1, level 2 or level 3) the ECU activates a warning or a warning light on the car panel (refer to the car documentation for the warning type).

Low DEF level

- information activation on car panel: <10% of MAX level
- Level 1 inducement: <5% of MAX level
- Level 2 inducement: <2.5% of MAX level
- Level 3 inducement: <0.5% of MAX level

Poor DEF quality

- information activation on car panel: upon fault detection
- Level 1 inducement: after 1h from fault detection
- Level 2 inducement: after 2h from fault detection
- Level 3 inducement: after 3h from fault detection

Interruption of DEF supply

- information activation on car panel: upon fault detection
- Level 1 inducement: after 1h from fault detection
- Level 2 inducement: after 2h from fault detection
- Level 3 inducement: after 3h from fault detection

EGR valve malfunctioning

- information activation on car panel: upon fault detection
- Level 1 inducement: after 1h from fault detection
- Level 2 inducement: after 2h from fault detection
- Level 3 inducement: after 3h from fault detection

Tampering with the monitoring systems of the ATS system

- information activation on car panel: upon fault detection
- Level 1 inducement: after 1h from fault detection
- Level 2 inducement: after 2h from fault detection
- Level 3 inducement: after 3h from fault detection

N



3 SAFETY INFORMATION

3.1 Safety information

- The intended use of the engine is in conformity with the machine on which it is mounted.
- Any use of the machine other than that described cannot be considered as complying with its intended purpose as specified by KOHLER.
- KOHLER declines all responsibility for any change to the engine not described in this manual made by unauthorized KOHLER personnel.
- A proper use of the engine, a strict observance of the rules listed below and the rigorous application of all these precautions will avoid the risk of accidents or injuries.
- Those who carry out the use and maintenance on the engine must wear the safety equipment and the accident-prevention guards.
- KOHLER declines all direct and indirect liability for failure to comply with the standards of conduct contained in this manual.
- KOHLER cannot consider every reasonably unforeseeable misuse that may cause a potential danger.

3.2 General remarks

3.2.1 Note for OEM

- When installing the KDI engines, always bear in mind that any variation to the functional systems may result in serious failures to the engine.
- Any improvement must be verified at KOHLER testing laboratories before application of the engine.
- In case the approval to a modification is not granted, **KOHLER** shall not be deemed responsible for any consequential failures or damages to the engine.
- Those who carry out the use and maintenance on the engine must wear the safety equipment and the accident-prevention guards.
- **KOHLER** declines all direct and indirect liability for failure to comply with the standards of conduct contained in this manual.
- KOHLER cannot consider every reasonably unforeseeable misuse that may cause a potential danger.

3.2.2 Note for end user

- The following indications are dedicated to the user of the machine in order to reduce or eliminate risks concerning engine operation and the relative routine maintenance work.
- The user must read these instructions carefully. Failure to do this could lead to serious danger for his personal safety and health and that of any persons who may be in the vicinity of the machine.
- On starting, make sure that the engine is as horizontal as possible, unless the machine specifications differ.
- Make sure that the machine is stable to prevent the risk of overturning.
- The engine must not operate in places containing inflammable materials, in explosive atmospheres, where there is dust that can easily catch fire unless specific, adequate and clearly indicated precautions have been taken and have been certified for the machine.
- To prevent fire hazards, always keep the machine at least one meter from buildings or from other machinery.
- Children and animals must be kept at a due distance from operating machines in order to prevent hazards deriving from their operation.
- Thoroughly wash and clean all the external parts of the engine before performing any operation, in order
 to avoid the accidental introduction of impurities/foreign bodies. Use only water and/or appropriate
 products to clean the engine. If cleaning engine with a pressure washer or steam cleaner, it is important

SAFETY **INFORMATION**



to maintain a minimum distance of at least 200mm between the surface to be washed and the nozzle. Avoid directing the nozzle on electrical components, cable connections and sealed rings (oil seals etc). Thoroughly wash and clean the area surrounding the engine following the instructions provided by machine manufacturer.

- Fuel and oil are inflammable. The tank must only be filled when the engine is off. Before starting, dry any spilt fuel.
- Make sure that no soundproofing panels and the ground or floor on which the machine is standing have not soaked up any fuel.
- Fuel vapour is highly toxic. Only refuel outdoors or in a well ventilated place
- Do not smoke or use open flames when refuelling.
- During operation, the surface of the engine can become dangerously hot. Avoid touching the exhaust system in particular.
- Before proceeding with any operation on the engine, stop it and allow it to cool.
- Always open the radiator plug or expansion chamber with the utmost caution, wearing protective garments and goggles.
- The coolant fluid is under pressure. Never carry out any inspections until the engine has cooled.
- If there is an electric fan, do not approach the engine when it is still hot as the fan could also start operating when the engine is at a standstill.



Important

- The oil must be drained whilst the engine is hot. Particular care is required to prevent burns. Do not allow oil to come into contact with the skin because of the health hazards involved. It is recommended to use an oil intake pump.
- During operations that involve access to moving parts of the engine and/or removal of rotating guards, disconnect and insulate the negative wire (-) of the battery to prevent accidental short-circuits and to stop the starter motor from being energized.
- Check belt tension only when the engine is off.
- Fully tighten the tank cap each time after refuelling. Do not fill the tank right to the top but leave an adequate space for the fuel to expand.
- To start the engine follow the specific instructions provided in the engine and/or machine operating manual. Do not use auxiliary starting devices not originally installed on the machine (e.g. Startpilot).
- Before starting, remove any tools that were used to service the engine and/or machine. Make sure that all guards have been refitted.
- Do not mix fuel with elements such as oil or kerosene. Failure to comply with this prohibition will cause the non-operation of the catalyst and non-observance of the emissions declared by KOHLER.
- Pay attention to the temperature of the oil filter when the filter itself is replaced.
- Only check, top up and change the coolant fluid when the engine is off and reached the ambient temperature. Coolant fluid is polluting, it must therefore be disposed of in the correct way.
- Do not use air and water jets at high pressures on cables, connectors and injectors.



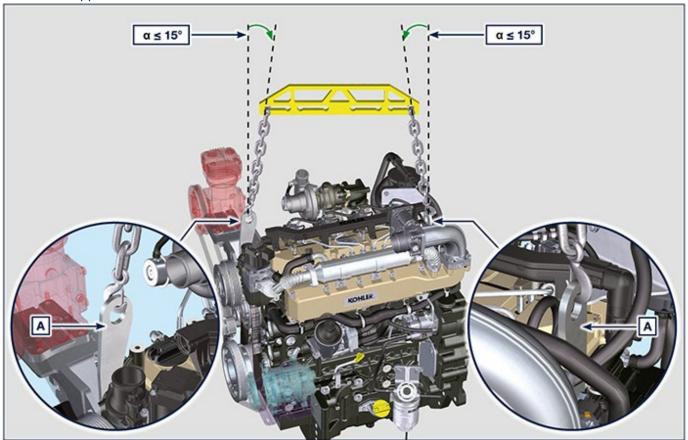






Important

- Only use the eyebolts A installed by KOHLER to move the engine (Fig. 3.1).
- The angle between each lifting chain and the eyebolts shall not exceed 15° inwards.
- The correct tightening of the lifting screws is 25Nm.
- Do not interpose spacers or washers between the eyebolts and engine head.
- Provided that the above requirements are met, if the lifting eyebolts are subject to permanent deformation (inwards), all subsequent lifting operations must be performed in order to prevent them from bending in the opposite direction.



3.1

SAFETY INFORMATION



• If the ATS is mounted on the engine by KOHLER, the lifting chain must be perpendicular to the eyebolts, this to avoid contact of the chains with the ATS components.

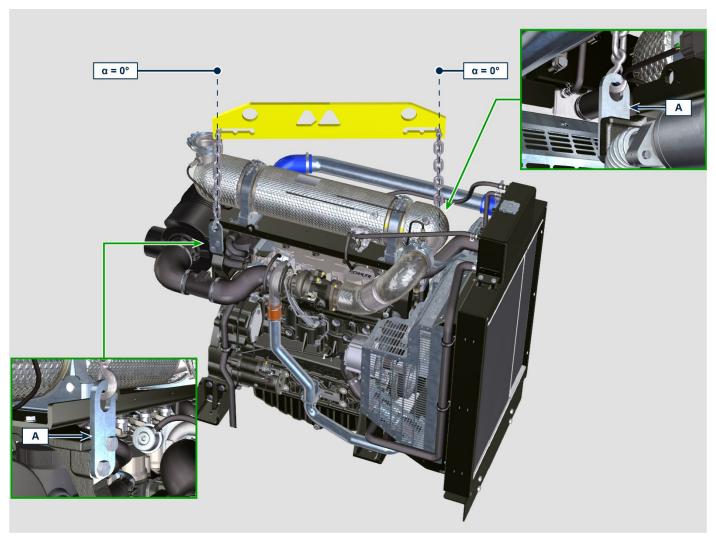


Fig 3.1a

3.3 Safety signal description

- To ensure safe operation please read the following statements and understand their meaning.
- Also refer to your equipment manufacturer's manual for other important safety information.
- This manual contains safety precautions which are explained below.
- Please read them carefully.

Adhesive safety plates

The following is a list of the adhesive safety plates that may be found on the engine, which indicate potential points of danger to the operator.



Read the Operation and Maintenance handbook before performing any operation on the engine.



Hot Parts.

Danger of burns.



Presence of rotating parts. Danger of jamming or cutting.



Presence of explosive fuel. Danger of fire or explosion.



Presence of steam and pressurized coolant. Danger of burns.

SAFETY INFORMATION



Warnings

Hereunder is a list of safety warnings that may be found in the manual, which advise you to pay attention when carrying out particular procedures that may be potentially dangerous to the operator or things.



Danger

This indicates situations of grave danger which, if ignored, may seriously threaten the health and safety of individuals.



Important

This indicates particularly important technical information that should not be ignored.



Warning

This indicates that failure to comply with it can cause minor damage or injury.

Safety guards Hereunder is a list of safety guards that must be worn prior to carrying out any type of operation and to avoid potential

harm to the operator.



Use suitable protective gloves before carrying out any type of operation.



Use protective goggles before carrying out any type of operation.



Use earmuffs before carrying out any type of operation.

3.4 Information and safety signals





Accidental Starts can cause severe injury or death.

Before working on the engine or equipment, disconnect the battery negative (-) wire.





Hot Parts can cause severe burns.

Engine components can get extremely hot from operation. Do not touch engine while operating or just after stopping.

Never operate the engine with heat shields or guards removed.



ROTATING PARTS



Rotating Parts can cause severe injury.

Stay away while engine is in operation. Keep hands, feet, hair, and clothing away from all moving parts to prevent injury.

Never operate the engine with covers, shrouds, or guards removed.





Carbon Monoxide can cause severe nausea, fainting or death.



HIGH PRESSURE FLUID RISK OF PUNCTURE



High Pressure Fluids can puncture skin and cause severe injury or death.

Do not work on fuel system without proper training or safety equipment. Fluid puncture injuries are highly toxic and hazardous.

If an injury occurs, seek immediate medical attention.





Explosive fuel can cause fires and severe burns.

Fuel is flammable and its vapours can ignite. Store fuel only in approved containers, in well ventilated, unoccupied buildings. Do not fill the fuel tank while the engine is hot or running, since spilled fuel could ignite if it comes in contact with hot parts or sparks from ignition.

Do not start the engine near spilled fuel.

Never use fuel as a cleaning agent.





Explosive Gas can cause fires and severe acid burns.

Charge battery only in a well ventilated area. Keep sparks, open flames, and other sources of ignition away from the battery at all times. Batteries produce explosive hydrogen gas while being charged.

Keep batteries out of the reach of children.

Remove all jewelry when servicing batteries. Before disconnecting the negative (-) ground cable, make sure all switches are OFF.

SAFETY INFORMATION



Avoid inhaling exhaust fumes and never run the engine in a closed building or confined area. Carbon monoxide is toxic, odorless, colorless, and can cause death if inhaled.





Electrical Shock can cause injury.

Do not touch wires while engine is running.

If ON, a spark will occur at the ground cable terminal which could cause an explosion.



CALIFORNIA WARNING - DECLARATION 65

Engine exhaust from this product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm.

Safety and environmental impact

Every organisation has a duty to implement procedures to identify, assess and monitor the influence of its own activities (products, services, etc.) on the environment. Procedures for identifying the extent of the impact on the environment must consider the following factors:

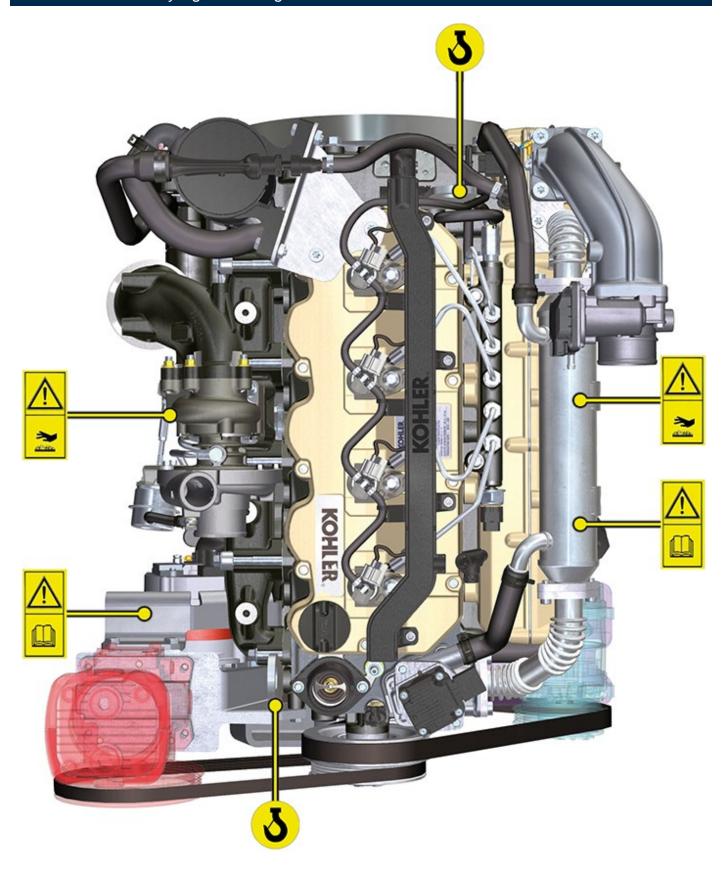
- Liquid waste.
- Waste management.
- Soil contamination.
- Atmospheric emission.
- Use of raw materials and natural resources.
- Regulations and directives regarding environmental impact.

In order to minimise the impact on the environment, KOHLER now provides a number of indications to be followed by all persons handling the engine, for any reason, during its expected lifetime.

- All components and fluids must be disposed of in accordance with the laws of the country in which disposal is taking place.
- Keep the fuel and engine control systems and the exhaust pipes in efficient working order to limit environmental and noise pollution.
- When discontinuing use of the engine, select all components according to their chemical characteristics and dispose of them separately.



3.6 Location of safety signals on engine





4 INFORMATION ABOUT USE

Pre-start check



Important

- Read carefully the following pages and carry out the operations described below in accordance with the instructions specified.
- Non compliance with the operations described in the following pages involves the risk of damages to the engine and vehicle on which it is installed as well as personal and/or property damage.
- Increase the frequency of maintenance operations in heavy working conditions (engine starts but stops, very dusty and hot environments, etc...).
- Check that the minimum required DEF quantity is present inside the DEF tank. Refer also to the car documentation to check the DEF level required for engine correct operation.

Running-in period

NOTE: For the first 50 hours of engine operation, it is advisable not to exceed 75% of the maximum power supplied.

Starting and turning off

4.3.1 Starting

- 1. Check the level of the engine oil, fuel and coolant and fill if necessary (Par. 4.5 e Par. 4.6).
- 2. Put the ignition key in the ignition switch (if supplied).
- 3. Tun the key to **ON** position.
- 4. Turn the key beyond the **ON** position and release it when the engine starts (the key will return into ON position automatically).



Important

- Do not actuate the starter for more than 15 seconds at a time. If the engine does not start, wait for one minute before repeating attempt.
- If engine does not start after two attempts see Tab. 7.1 and Tab. 7.2 to found the cause.

INFORMATION ABOUT USE

4

4.3.2 After starting



Warning

- Make sure that all the warning lights on the control panel are off when the engine is running.
- Run at minimum speed for a few minutes according to table (except constant speed engine).

NOTE: To avoid damaging the engine do not use it mostly at idle for a long time (MAX 30min.).

AMBIENT TEMPERATURE	TIME
≤ -20°C	2 minutes
from -20°C a -10°C	1 minutes
from -10°C a -5°C	30 seconds
from -5°C a 5°C	20 seconds
≥ 5°C	15 seconds

4.3.3 Turning off

- 1. Do not turn off the engine when it is running at the maximum rotation speed (except constant speed engine).
- 2. Before turning it off, keep it idle at minimum speed for about 1 minute.
- 3. Turn the key to **OFF** position.

4.4 Refuelling



Important

Before proceeding with operation, read Par. 3.2.2.



Danger

- Fill the engine off.
- The only approved fuels are those listed in Tab. 2.3.
- In those countries where fuel has a high sulphur content, its is advisable to lubricate the engine with a high alkaline oil or alternatively to replace the lubricating oil recommended by **KOHLER** more frequently.
- To avoid explosions or fire outbreaks, do not smoke or use open flames during the operations.
- Fuel vapours are highly toxic. Only carry out the operations outdoors or in a well ventilated place.
- Keep your face well away from the fuel fill to prevent harmful vapours from being inhaled.
- Dispose of fuel in the correct way and do not litter as it is highly polluting.
- When refuelling, it is advisable to use a funnel to prevent fuel from spilling out. The fuel should also be filtered to prevent dust or dirt from entering the tank.
- Do not overfill the fuel tank. Leave room for the fuel to expand.

NOTE: At the first fuelling or if the tank was empty filling the fuel system (Par. 6.3 point 8).

INFORMATION ABOUT USE



Oil filling



Important

- For safety precautions see Par. 2.4.
- Before proceeding with operation, read Par. 3.2.2.
- 1. Loosen the oil filler cap A.
- 2. Add the type oil recommended (Tab. 2.2).



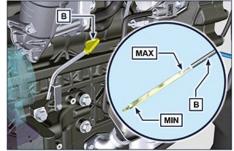
- 3. Before checking oil engine needs to be level.
- 4. Remove the oil dipstick B and check that the level is up to but does not exceed the MAX.
- 5. If level is not at the MAX. level, add additional oil.
- 6. Re-tighten the cap A.



Important

Do not use the engine with the oil level below the minimum.

NOTE: Click on the right to play the procedure.



4.2

https://youtu.be/HWCzK41Br1U



4.6 Coolant filling



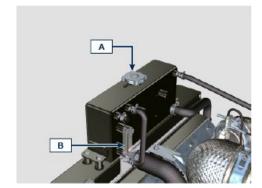
Important

Before proceeding with operation, read <u>Par. 3.2.2</u>.



Warning

- An anti-freeze protection liquid (ANTIFREEZE) mixed with decalcified water must be used.
- The freezing point of the refrigerant mixture depends on the amount concentration in water.
- As well as lowering the freezing point, the antifreeze also raises the boiling point.
- A 50% mixture is recommended to ensure a general level at protection prevents the formation of rust, galvanic currents and calcium deposits.



NOTE: Before proceeding with any operation on the engine, stop it and allow it to cool.



Warning

- Presence of steam pressurized coolant danger of burns.
- Loosen the cap A and fill the radiator with coolant composed of:
 - 50% ANTIFREEZE and 50% decalcified water.
- Top liquid up until the pipes inside the radiator are covered by about 5 mm. Do not overfill the radiator, but leave room for the coolant to expand.
- 3. For engines equipped with expansion tank, pour in fluid until reaching the max level mark **B**.
- 4. Re-tighten the cap A.
- After a few hours of operator, stop the engine and allow the liquid to cool returns to a ambient temperature and check the coolant level again.

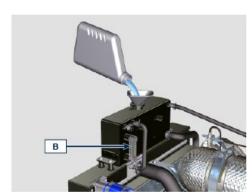


Fig. 4.3

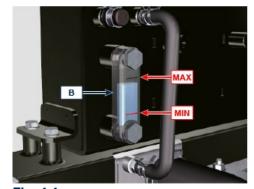


Fig. 4.4

4.7 DEF filling

NOTE: Refer to the technical documentation of the vehicle.

INFORMATION ABOUT MAINTENANCE



5 INFORMATION ABOUT MAINTENANCE

5.1 Useful information about maintenance

- This chapter shows all operations described in the Tab. 5.1 and Tab. 5.2 if you have the skills appropriate may be directly carried out by the user.
- Periodic inspection and maintenance operations must be carried out as indicated in this manual and are the responsability of the
- Failure to comply with these service and maintenance intervals increases the risk of technical damage to the engine. Any non compliance makes the warranty become null and void.
- In order to prevent personal and property damage read carefully the instructions listed below before proceeding with any operation of the engine.



Before proceeding with operation, read Par.
 3.2.2.



- Inspections must be made when the engine is off and cold.
- Place engine on level surface to ensure accurate measurement of oil level.
- Before starting, to avoid spillages of oil make sure that:
 - the oil dipstick is inserted correctly;
 - o also check that:
 - o oil drain plug and;
 - oil filler cap are tightened firmly.

5.2 Periodic maintenance

The intervals of preventive maintenance in **Tab. 5.1** and **Tab. 5.2** refer to the engine operating under normal operating conditions with fuel and oil meeting the recommended specifications.

5.1

CLEANING AND CHECKING				
OPERATION DESCRIPTION		PERIOD (HOURS)		
		250	500	
Engine oil level (8)				
Coolant level (8)(9)				
Cartridge dry-type air filter (2)				
Radiator heat-exchange surface and Intercooler (2)(8)				
Rubber hose (intake air / coolant)				
Fuel hose				

5.2

REPLACEMENT				
ODEDATION DESCRIPTION		PERIOD (HOURS)		
ON DESCRIPTION	500	2000	5000	
DEF filter cartridge (1) (6) (11)				
Coolant hoses (6) (7)				
Fuel line hose (6) (7)				
Intake manifold hose (air filter - intake manifold) (6) (7)				
Poly-V belt ⁽⁶⁾				
OAT ⁽⁶⁾				
HOAT (6) (10)				
	ON DESCRIPTION Ke manifold) (6) (7) OAT (6)	ON DESCRIPTION 500 Ke manifold) (6) (7) OAT (6)	ON DESCRIPTION PERIOD (HOU) 500 2000 Ke manifold) (6) (7) OAT (6)	

- 1 In case of low use: 12 months.
- 2 The period of time that must elapse before checking the filter element depends on the environment in which the engine operates. The air filter must be cleaned and replaced more frequently under very dusty conditions.
- 6 Contact authorized KOHLER workshops.
- 7 The replacement interval is only an indication, it strongly depends from environmental condition and hose status detected during regular visual inspection.
- 8 The first check must be done after 10 hours.
- 9 Test the coolant condition annually with coolant test strips.
- 10 It is recommended to have SCA (Supplemental Coolant Additives) added at the first maintenance interval.
- 11 If the DEF tank is not equipped with filtering system, it must be replaced at 500h.

INFORMATION ABOUT MAINTENANCE



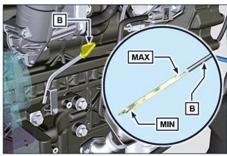
5.3 Oil level check

- 1. Loosen the oil filler cap A. Remove the oil dipstick B and check that the level is up to MAX.
- 2. Pour in recommended oil until reaching the MAX level mark.
- 3. Reinstall the oil dipstick B completely.
- 4. Re-tighten the cap A (Fig. 5.2).

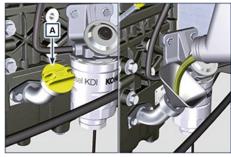


Important

• Do not use the engine with the oil level below the minimum.



5.1

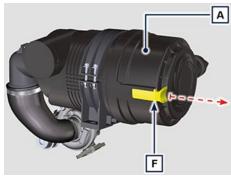


5.2

5.4 Air filter check

NOTA: Components not necessarily supplied by KOHLER.

- 1. Pull insert F to unlock cover A.
- 2. Rotate counter clockwise and remove cover A.
- 3. clean the inside components A and D with a damp cloth.
- 4. Do not use compressed air, repeatedly tap the front side E on a flat surface.

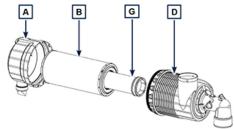


5.3

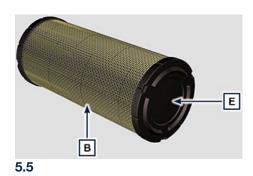


Important

- When the cartridge G is dirty, do not clean it but replace cartridges B and G.
- 5. Fit cartridges G and B.
- 6. Fit cover A by performing the operations indicated in points 2 and 1 in the reverse order.



5.4



5.5 Check of the radiator heat - exchanger surface



Danger

For safety precautions see Chap. 3.

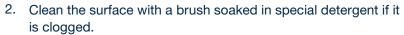
NOTE: Component not necessarily supplied by KOHLER.



Important

- Before proceeding with operation, read Par. 3.2.2.
- Wear safety goggles when using compressed air.
- The radiator heat-exchange surface must be cleaned on both.





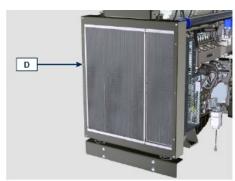


Fig 5.4

5.6 Rubber hoses check



Danger

• For safety precautions see **Cap. 3.**

The check is carried out by exerting a slight deflection or bending along the pipe and near the hose clamps. Components must be replaced if they have clear signs of cracks, tears, cuts, leaks and do not retain a certain degree of elasticity.



Important

- Before proceeding with operation, read Par. 3.2.2.
- If hoses are damaged contact an authorized KOHLER workshop.
- For other pipes not illustrated refer to the technical documentation of the vehicle.

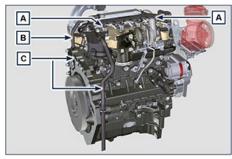


5.3

INFORMATION ABOUT MAINTENANCE



- 1. Check that the:
 - Fuel system hoses A are intact.
 - Cooling circuit hoses B.
 - Vent system pipes C.



5.4

5.7 Check coolant level



Important

• Before proceeding with operation, read Par. 3.2.2.



Danger

For safety precautions see Chap. 3.

NOTE: Before proceeding with any operation on the engine, stop it and allow it to cool.



Warning

Presence of steam pressurized coolant danger of burn.

NOTE: Component not necessarily supplied by **KOHLER**.

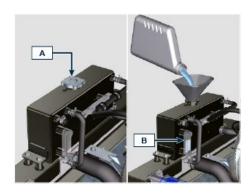
- 1. Start the engine without the radiator cap A.
- 2. Top liquid up until the pipes inside the radiator are covered by about 5 mm.
- 3. Top up if necessary.
- 4. Do not overfill the radiator, but leave room for the coolant to expand.
- 5. Reinstall radiator cap A
- 6. For engines equipped with expansion tank, check that the fluid is until reaching the **max** level mark **B**.

NOTE: For coolant filling see Par. 4.6.



Warning

 Before starting make sure that the radiator cap and cap, if present, are installed correctly to avoid spillage of liquid or vapour at high temperatures.



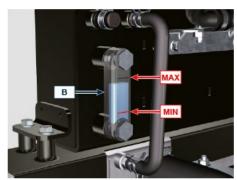


Fig 5.7

5.8 Check Poly-V alternator belt



Important

Before proceeding with operation, read Par. 3.2.2.



Warning

For safety precautions see <u>Cap. 3</u>.

NOTE: The poly-v belt is not adjustable.

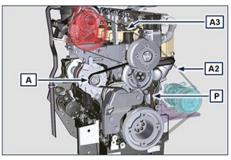
Check the belt A condition, if worn out or deteriorated, replace it.

NOTE: Make sure that the ribs of the belt A are inserted correctly into the grooves of the pulleys B (as shown in D1 and D2).

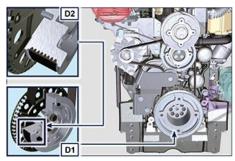
Start the engine and run it for some minutes, then turn off it, and let it cool down at ambient temperature. Check by the appropriate tool that at point p the tension value is between 135 and 178 Hz.

NOTE: If the poly-v belt tension results out of the above mentioned values contact KOHLER authorised workshops for replacement.

NOTE: Belts A2, A3 are not supplied by KOHLER. Refer to the technical documentation of the vehicle..



5.5



5.6

5.9 Filter cartridge and fuel pre-filter check



Important

Before proceeding with operation, read Par. 3.2.2.



Warning

For safety precautions see <u>Cap. 3</u>.

When turn on lights on control water filter cartridge fuel:

- 1. Gently loosen the wing screw A without removing it.
- 2. Drain the water if present.
- 3. Re-tighten the wing screw A as soon as the fuel begins to flow.



5.7

5.10 Product preservation



Important:

- If the engines are not to be used for 6 months, they must be protected by carrying out the operations described in Engine storage (up to 6 months) (Par. 5.11).
- If the engine is still not in use after the first 6 months, it is necessary to carry out a further operation to extend the protection period (more than 6 months) (Par. 5.12).
- If the engine is not to be used for an extended period, the protective treatment procedure must be repeated within 24 months of the previous one.

5

INFORMATION ABOUT MAINTENANCE



5.11 Engine storage up to 6 months

Before storing the engine check that:

- The environments are not humid or exposed to bad weather. Cover the engine with a proper protective sheet against dampness and atmospheric contaminants.
- The place is not near electric panel.
- Avoid storing the engine in direct contact with the ground.

5.12 Engine storage over 6 months

Follow the steps described in Par. 5.11.

- 1. Engine oil replacement (Par. 6.1).
- 2. Refuel with fuel additives for long storage.
- 3. With expansion tank: make sure that the coolant is up to the MAX level.
- 4. Without expansion tank: Top liquid up until the pipes inside the radiator are covered by about 5 mm. Do not overfill the radiator, but leave room for the fuel to expand.
- 5. Start the engine and keep it idle at minimum speed for 2 minutes.
- 6. Bring the engine to 3/4 of the MAX speed for 5÷10 minutes.
- 7. Turn off the engine.
- 8. Completely empty the fuel tank.
- 9. Spray SAE 10W-40 on the exhaust and intake manifolds.
- 10. Seal the exhaust and intake ducts to prevent foreign bodies from entering.
- 11. When cleaning the engine, if using a pressure washer or steam cleaning device, avoid directing the nozzle on electrical components, cable connections and sealed rings (oil seals etc). If cleaning engine with a pressure washer or steam cleaner, it is important to maintain a minimum distance of at least 200mm between the surface to be washed and the nozzle avoiding absolutely electrical components such as alternators, starter motors and engine control units (ECU).
- 12. Treat non-painted parts with protective products.
- 13. Fill the DEF tank to the MAX level allowed.

If the engine protection is performed according to the suggestions indicated no corrosion damage should occur.

5.13 Engine starting after storage

- 1. Remove the protective sheet.
- 2. Use a cloth soaked in degreasing product to remove the protective treatment from the external parts.
- 3. Inject lubricating oil (no more than 2 cm3) into the intake ducts.
- 4. Refill the tank with fresh fuel.
- 5. Make sure that the oil and the coolant are up to the MAX level.
- 6. Proceed with the disposal of the DEF contained in the tank; replace the DEF pump filter and wash the DEF tank/circuit with hot distilled water.
- 7. Check the DEF injector at an authorized Kohler workshop.
- 8. Start the engine and keep it idle at minimum speed for a two about minutes.
- 9. Bring the engine to 75% of MAX rated speed for 5 to 10 minute.
- 10. Stop the engine while the oil is still hot (Par. 6.1), discharge the protective oil in a suitable container.



Warning:

- Over time, lubricants and filters lose their properties, so it is important consider whether they need replacing, also based on the criteria described in **Tab. 5.2**.
- 11. Replace the filters (air, oil, fuel) with original spare parts.
- 12. Pour new oil (Par. 4.5) up to the MAX level.
- 13. Empty the cooling circuit completely and pour in the new coolant up to the MAX level (Par. 4.6).

5

INFORMATION ABOUT MAINTENANCE



5.14 Unused machine

If the machine is not used for a certain amount of time, follow the operations below:

Operations for the engine

5.3

POINT	PERIOD	OPERATION
1	up to 2 months	 The place must be dry and fresh throughout the period in which the machine is not used. Consult the machine's manual to disconnect the battery (before disconnecting the battery, wait for minimum 5 mins after turning off the engine). Make sure the engine is not exposed to direct sunlight. Make sure the engine is not near any heat sources.
1a	Start-up after 2 months	 Before starting the engine, check Para. 5.2 for maintenance operations. Consult the machine's manual to connect the battery and start the engine.
2	up to 9 months	 Perform the operations described in point 1. Perform the operations described in Para. 5.6. Start the engine at least every 4 months as per operations described in point 1a: Avoid sudden accelerations for the first few minutes. Bring the engine to the working temperature by pressing the accelerator 3/4 from MAX. Leave the engine running at minimum speed for a few minutes and turning off the engine.
2 a	Start-up after 9 months	 Before starting the engine, check Para. 5.2 for maintenance operations. Consult the machine's manual to connect the battery and start the engine. Avoid sudden accelerations for the first few minutes.
3	over 9 months	 Perform the operations described in point 1 and 2.
3 a	Start-up after 9+ months	 Before starting the engine, check Para. 5.2 for maintenance operations. Check the quality of coolant from the relative testing strips. Consult the machine's manual to connect the battery and start the engine. Avoid sudden accelerations for the first few minutes.



INFORMATION ABOUT MAINTENANCE

Operations for the SCR system

5.4

POINT	PERIOD	OPERATION		
1	up to 2 months	 Perform the operations described in point 1 of Tab. 5.3 Fill the DEF tank with DEF to the MAX level The ambient temperature must be kept between -40 and 25 °C Do not disconnect any electrical or hydraulic connections 		
1a	Start-up after 2 months	 Before starting the engine, check Para. 5.2 for maintenance operations. Consult the machine's manual to connect the battery and start the engine. 		
2	up to 9 months	 Perform the operations described in point 2 in Tab. 5.3 Fill the DEF tank with DEF to the MAX level The ambient temperature must be kept between -40 and 25 °C Do not disconnect any electrical or hydraulic connections 		
2 a	Start-up after 9 months	 Before starting the engine, check Para. 5.2 for maintenance operations. Consult the machine's manual to connect the battery and start the engine. 		
3	over 9 months	 Perform the operations described in point 3 of Tab. 5.3 Fill the DEF tank with DEF to the MAX level The ambient temperature must be kept between -40 and 25 °C Do not disconnect any electrical or hydraulic connections 		
3 a	Start-up after 9+ months	 Before starting the vehicle, proceed as follows: Replace the DEF in the tank (consult the machine's manual) Replace the DEF filter (Par. 6.5) Check Par. 5.2 for maintenance frequency. Consult the machine's manual to connect the battery. Start the engine. If faults are detected when starting the engine or during operation, turn off the engine and wait 5 mins before starting the engine. If the fault persists, contact KOHLER authorised workshops. 		



6 INFORMATION ABOUT REPLACEMENTS

6.1 Engine oil replacement



Danger

• Disconnect the negative wire (-) from the battery to avoid accidental engine starting.



Important

Before proceeding with operation, read <u>Cap. 3</u>.



Important

• Place engine on level surface to ensure accurate measurement of oil level.

Before proceeding, perform the operation described in <a>Par. 6.2 - Point 1.

NOTE: Perform this operation with warm engine, to get a better fluidity of the oil and get a full discharge of oil and impurities contained in it.

- 6.1

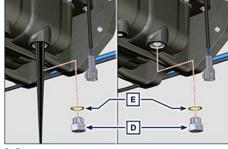
- 1. Loosen the oil filler cap A (Fig. 6.1).
- 2. Remove the oil dipstick B.
- 3. Remove the oil drain plug D and the gasket E (the oil drain plug is on both sides of the oil sump).
- 4. Drain oil in an appropriate container (For the exhausted oil disposal, refer to (Par. 6.6 DISPOSAL and SCRAPPING).
- 5. Replace gasket E.
- 6. Tighten the drain oil plug D (tightening torque at 35 Nm).
- 7. Perform the operation described in **Par. 6.2** point 2 to 5.
- 8. Add the type oil recommended (<u>Tab. 2.1</u> and <u>Tab. 2.2</u>).



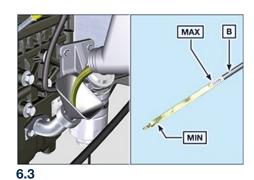
Important

- Do not exceed the MAX level on the dipstick.
- Do not use the engine with the oil level below the MIN.
- 9. Fit and remove the oil dipstick B to check the level. Pour in fluid until reaching the MAX level mark.
- 10. Upon completion, reinstall the oil dipstick B completely.
- 11. Tighten the cap A.

NOTE: Click on the icon to play the procedure.



6.2



https://youtu.be/T7XFP3Vn_q0

6.2 Oil filter cartridge replacement



Important

Before proceeding with operation, read Par. 3.2.2



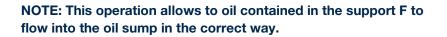
Warning:

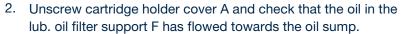
- Oil filter cartridge replacement (Par. 6.2) and fuel filter replacement (Par. 6.3).
- In case of low use replace it 12 months.
- For disposal of oil filter cartridge and fuel filter refer to Par. 6.6 DISPOSAL and SCRAPPING.



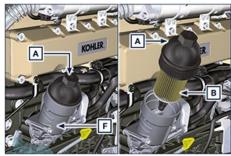
Important

- Electric/pneumatic screwdrivers are forbidden
- 1. Unscrew cartridge holder cover A by performing three complete turns and wait 1 minute.

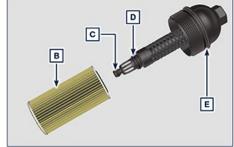




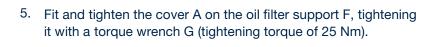
- 3. Remove the cap A as well as the oil cartridge B from the oil filter support.
- 4. Remove and replace the oil cartridge B with a new one. Remove and replace the gaskets C, D and E with new ones.



64



6.5





6.6

NOTE: Click on the icon to play the procedure.

https://youtu.be/eTL3NSUrZHQ

INFORMATION ABOUT REPLACEMENTS



6.3 Filter cartridge and fuel pre-filter replacement

NOTE: The fuel filter is situated on the crankcase of the engine or it may be assembled on the frame of the vehicle.



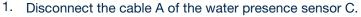
Important

• Before proceeding with operation, read Par. 3.2.2



Warning

- In case of low use replace il 12 months.
- For disposal of oil filter cartridge and fuel filter refer to Par. 6.5
 DISPOSAL and SCRAPPING



- 2. Remove the water presence sensor C from its cartridge B.
- 3. Loosen the cartridge B using the appropriate wrench (Fig. 6.8).
- 4. Lubricate the gasket D of the new cartridge B.



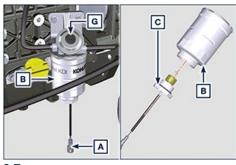
Important

- Do not fill the new cartridge B with fuel.
- Tighten the new empty cartridge B (Fig. 6.8) on the diesel fuel filter support E using the special wrench (tightening torque of 17 Nm).
- 6. Tighten the water presence sensor C on the new cartridge B (tightening torque of 5 Nm).
- 7. Reconnect the cable A of the water presence sensor C.

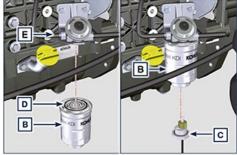


8. Push repeatedly the button G in order to fill the circuit.

NOTE: Click on the icon to play the procedure.



6.7



6.8

https://youtu.be/eHPkX9yprM4

6.4 Air filter cartridge replacement

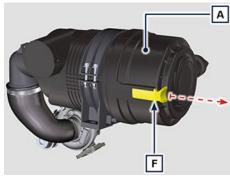


Important

Before proceeding with operation, read <u>Par. 3.2.2</u>

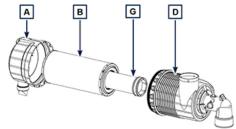
NOTE: Component not necessarily supplied by KOHLER.

- 1. Pull insert F to unlock cover A.
- 2. Rotate counter clockwise and remove cover A.



6.9

- 3. Remove the cartridges B and G.
- 4. Fit cartridges G and B.
- 5. Fit cover A by performing the operations indicated in points 2 and 1 in the reverse order.



6.10

INFORMATION ABOUT REPLACEMENTS



6.5 Replacement of DEF filter



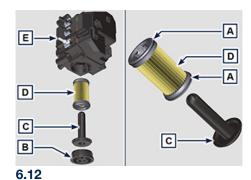
Warning

- Before proceeding with operation, read <u>Par. 3.2.2</u>
- Do not lubricate gaskets A with oil or fuel.
- Filter D includes gaskets A in the package.
- Avoid any type of contamination during replacement.
- Before starting any operations, make sure the key on the machine's panel is OFF and the DEF pump has executed the circuit emptying operation.

Loosen cap B.



- 2. Remove cap B and extract filter bracket C.
- 3. Extract filter D.
- 4. Use warm DEF to clean the seat of filter D on pump E if impurities are detected.
- 5. Lubricate the A gaskets with DEF or distilled water.
- 6. Place the filter bracket C together with filter D inside pump E.
- 7. Tighten cap B (tightening torque of 20 Nm).



6.6 Disposal and scrapping

- In case of scrapping, the engine shall be disposed of in appropriate locations, in conformity with the law in force.
- Before scrapping, it is necessary to separate the rubber or plastic parts from the rest of the components.
- The parts only composed of plastic material, aluminium and steel can be recycled if collected by the appropriate centers.
- Waste oil must properly be recycled and disposed of in the correct way to safeguard the environment.
 According to the laws in force, it is classified as hazardous waste, therefore it must be collected by the appropriate centers.



INFORMATION ABOUT FAILURES

7

7 INFORMATION ABOUT FAILURES

7.1 Useful information about failures

- This chapter contains information about the problems that may appear during engine operation with its causes and trouble shooting Tab. 7.2.
- In some cases, you shall turn off the engine immediately to avoid further damage **Tab. 7.1**.

7.1

THE	THE ENGINE MUST BE IMMEDIATELY TURNED OFF WHEN		
1	Warning RED light turn on		
2	The oil pressure indicator light turns on while running		
3	The engine rpms suddenly increase and decrease		
4	A sudden and/or unusual noise is heard		
5	Colour the exhaust fumes suddenly darkens		

7.2

TROUBLES	POSSIBLE CAUSE	SOLUTION	PAR.
Warning YELLOW light turn on	Engine ECU has detect a malfunctions	Contact KOHLER authorised workshops	
	Sulphated battery terminals corroded	Clean the battery terminals	
	Battery voltage too low	Recharge the battery or replace it	
	Low fuel level	Refuel	4.4
	Frozen fuel	Contact KOHLER authorised workshops	
	Clogged fuel filter	Replace with a new filter	6.3
The engine does not start	Air suction in fuel system	Contact KOHLER authorised workshops	
Start	Clogged air filter	Replace with a new filter	6.4
	Clogged pipes	Contact KOHLER authorised workshops	
	Intake or exhaust system clogged	Replace with a new fuse; if the problem persists, Contact KOHLER authorised workshops	
	Intake or exhaust system clogged	Contact KOHLER authorised workshops	
	Inefficient electrical connections	Clean the electrical contacts; if the problem persists, Contact KOHLER authorised workshops	
Engine starts but	Sulphated battery terminals	Clean the battery terminals	
stops	Clogged fuel filter	Replace with a new filter and clean the tank	
	Clogged fuel pipes	Contact KOHLER authorised workshops	
Engine doesn't rev	Safety protocol in starting	Wait some seconds	
up	Throttle to MAX in starting	Release the throttle and wait some seconds	

INFORMATION ABOUT FAILURES



RPM instability at idle speed	Clogged fuel pipes	Contact KOHLER authorised workshops	
Numero dei giri al	Clogged fuel pipes	Contact KOHLER authorised workshops	
minimo basso	Poor quality fuel	Clean the tank and refuel with quality fuel	2.5
Blue smoke	High oil sump level	Replace the engine oil; if the problem persists, Contact KOHLER authorised workshops	
	Clogged air filter	Replace with a new filter	6.4
	Clogged air filter	Replace with a new filter	6.4
Excessive fuel consumption	High oil sump level	Replace the engine oil; if the problem persists, Contact KOHLER authorised workshops	
	Clogged air filter	Replace with a new filter	6.4
	Clogged fuel pipes	Contact KOHLER authorised workshops	
Engine lost its initial performance	Cheap fuel	Clean the tank and refuel with quality fuel	
periormance	High oil sump level	Replace the engine oil; if the problem persists, Contact KOHLER authorised workshops	
Slow acceleration	Clogged fuel filter	Replace the fuel filter	6.3
Engine jerking	Clogged fuel pipes	Contact KOHLER authorised workshops	
Engine overheats	Insufficient coolant level	Fill up to the level	4.6
	High oil sump level	Replace the engine oil; if the problem persists, Contact KOHLER authorised workshops	
	Clogged radiator	Clean the radiator; if the problem persists, contact KOHLER authorised workshops	

In the event that the solutions proposed in Tab. 7.2 do not eliminate the trouble, contact a KOHLER authorized workshop

8.1 Warranty terms

KOHLER DIESEL ENGINES GLOBAL WARRANTY TERMS

1. WARRANTY PERIOD

Kohler Co. warrants to the End User that each Diesel engine will be free from manufacturing defects in materials or workmanship in normal service for the applicable coverage period or operating hours (whichever comes first) set forth below, provided the engine is operated and maintained in accordance with Kohler Co.'s instructions and manuals.

ENGINE SERIES	WARRANTY PERIOD	OPERATING HOURS	WARRANTY COVERAGE
KOHLER Diesel (non KDI)	3 Years	0 – 2.000	100% Parts & Labor
KOHLER KDI	3 Years	0 – 2.000	100% Parts & Labor
KONLEN KDI	3 rears	2.001 - 6.000	Major Components Only *
Lombardini Diesel	2 Years	0 – 2.000	100% Parts & Labor

^{*} Major component defects are failures related to crankcase casting, cylinder head casting, crankshaft, crankshaft pulley, camshaft, connecting rod, flywheel, oil pump.

For the Warranty Period stated above, the period begins on the date of purchase of the finished equipment on which the engine is installed. If no hour meter is installed on the application, the Operating Hours will be calculated as 4 hours of use per day for 5 days per week beginning on the date of purchase. Kohler Co.'s obligation under this warranty is expressly limited, at its option, to an appropriate adjustment, repair or replacement of such part or parts as found to be defective following an inspection by Kohler Co. or an authorized service facility designated by Kohler Co.

SPARE PARTS	WARRANTY	OPERATING	WARRANTY
	PERIOD	HOURS	COVERAGE
KOHLER and Lombardini Diesel Parts	2 Years	0 – 2.000	100% Parts & Labor

Parts/components that are scheduled to be replaced as part of the required maintenance schedule will be covered under Kohler Co.'s warranty from date of purchase of the part up to the first scheduled replacement point for the subject parts/ components.

All other Spare Parts items are covered by the above warranty provided that the repairs have been executed by Kohler Co or by an Authorized Kohler Service Dealer.

2. EXCLUSIONS

The following items are not covered by this warranty.

- Damage caused by: (i) an accident or casualty; (ii) unreasonable use or neglect; (iii) normal wear; (iv) premature wear from improper maintenance; (v) improper storage; (vi) old or contaminated fuel left within the fuel system, which includes but is not limited to tanks, fuel lines, or fuel injection components; (vii) unapproved modifications.
- Failures caused by: (i) faulty repairs made by any party other than Kohler Co. or an authorized service facility designated by Kohler Co.; (ii) use of non-Kohler replacement service parts; or (iii) additional damages caused by a lack of prescribed actions as a result of an alarm light activation, either caused by fault or negligence or un-attended use of the engine; (iv) an act beyond the control of Kohler Co., which



includes but is not limited to theft, vandalism, fire, lightning, earthquake, windstorm, hail, volcanic eruption, flood or tornado.

- Transportation charges or travel expenses in connection with the repair or replacement of defective parts on the engine.
- Engine accessories such as fuel tanks, clutches, transmissions, power drive assemblies, and batteries, unless supplied or installed by Kohler Co.
- Engines installed in an application not formally reviewed by Kohler.
- Rental of other equipment during performance of warranty repairs All items subject to wear and to periodical maintenance such as listed in the Use & Maintenance Manual (such as air, oil or fuel filters, belts etc.) are warranted for a period equal to the prescribed interval of replacement as listed in the Manual.
- Fuel, lubricating oil, coolant/antifreeze.

IMPLIED OR STATUTORY WARRANTIES, INCLUDING THOSE OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, ARE EXPRESSLY LIMITED TO THE DURATION OF THIS WRITTEN WARRANTY. KOHLER CO. MAKES NO OTHER EXPRESS WARRANTY, NOR IS ANYONE AUTHORIZED TO MAKE ANY ON KOHLER CO.'S BEHALF. KOHLER CO. AND/OR THE SELLER SHALL NOT BE LIABLE FOR SPECIAL. INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES OF ANY KIND.

3. TO OBTAIN WARRANTY SERVICE

The repair shall be executed by a KOHLER Authorized Service Dealer designated by Kohler.

USA & CANADA:

List of Authorized dealers can be found by visiting www.kohlerengines.com or telephone 1-800-544-2444 (U.S.A. and Canada) ENGINE DIVISION, Kohler Co., Kohler Wisconsin

EUROPE, MIDDLE EAST, AND ASIA

List of Authorized dealers can be found by visiting dealers.kohlerpower.it.

CENTRAL AND SOUTH AMERICA

List of Authorized dealers can be found by visiting dealers.kohlerpower.it.

CHINA AND ASIA PACIFIC

List of Authorized dealers can be found by visiting dealers.kohlerpower.it.

List of Authorized dealers can be found by visiting **dealers.kohlerpower.it**.

Note: Specific Warranty Terms and conditions do apply to engines directly sold in India.

4. OWNER'S WARRANTY RESPONSIBILITIES

- 1. As the off-road engine owner, you are responsible for the performance of the required maintenance listed in your Use & Maintenance Manual. Kohler Co. recommends that you retain all receipts covering maintenance on your off-road & marine engine, but Kohler Co. cannot deny warranty solely for the lack of receipts or for your failure to ensure the performance of all scheduled maintenance.
- 2. As the off-road & marine engine owner, you should however be aware that Kohler Co. may deny you warranty coverage if your off-road & marine engine or a part shows signs of malfunction or failed due to abuse, neglect, improper maintenance or unapproved modifications.
- 3. Your engine is designed to operate on diesel fuel only. Diesel fuel an all other fluids used shall comply with the recommendation listed in the Use & Maintenance Manual. Use of any other fuel or fluids may result in your engine breakage, premature wear or no longer operating in compliance with the California & US EPA emissions requirements.

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4. You are responsible for initiating the warranty process. The ARB & US EPA suggests that you present your off-road & Marine engine to a Kohler Co. dealer as soon as a problem exists. The warranty repairs should be completed by the dealer as expeditiously as possible.

5. COVERAGE

Kohler Co. will repair or replace emission control system parts, components and sub-assemblies found to be defective with respect to materials or workmanship at no cost to you including engine exhaust system related diagnosis, labor and parts, provided that no un-authorized modification of any kind has been executed on the engine, and its parts, components and sub-assemblies.

The choice and responsibility of the decision to repair or replace an emission control system defect will be solely that of Kohler Co. Emission control system parts/ components covered by the Federal and California Emission Control Systems Limited Warranty are listed below

engine is defective, the part will be repaired or replaced by Kohler Co.

Fuel injector(s)	Electronic control unit (ECU) if equipped
Injection pump(s)	Sensors associated with ECU operation
Exhaust manifold	Emission control information labels
Intake manifold	Turbocharger (if equipped)
Exhaust gas recirculation (EGR) tube	Fuel limiting device
Crankcase ventilation valve	Aftertreatment Systems if equipped and other components when present

Parts/components that are scheduled to be replaced as part of the required maintenance schedule will be covered under the warranty provisions for a period of time up to the first scheduled replacement point for the subject parts/ components. Subsequent damage to other engine components as a direct result of a warrantable failure an exhaust emission part/ component will be covered under the warranty provisions described herein.

6. MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR REQUIREMENTS

The owner is responsible for the proper use and maintenance of the engine. Kohler Co. recommends that all receipts and records covering the performance of regular maintenance be retained in case questions arise. If the engine is resold during the warranty period, the maintenance records should be transferred to each subsequent owner. Kohler Co. may not deny warranty repairs solely because of the lack of repair, maintenance or failure to keep maintenance records.

Normal maintenance, replacement or repair of emission control devices and systems may be performed by any repair establishment or individual; however, warranty repairs must be performed by a Kohler authorized service center.

7. CALIFORNIA AND FEDERAL EMISSION CONTROLWARRANTY STATEMENT, OFF-ROAD & MARINE DIESEL ENGINES (USA ONLY)

The California air resources board (carb), U.S. environmental protection agency (EPA), and Kohler Co. are pleased to explain the emission control system warranty on your [current model year – {2+ current model year}] off-road compression ignition and marine (diesel) engine. In California ("the state") and US EPA regulated region, new heavy-duty off-road & marine engines must be designed, built and equipped to meet the state's and US EPA antismog standards. The warranty period shall begin on the date the engine or equipment is delivered to an ultimate purchaser. Kohler Co. must warrant the emission control system on your engine for the periods of time listed in the section below, provided there has been no abuse, neglect or improper maintenance of your engine.

Your emission control system may include parts such as the fuel injection system and the air-induction system. Also included maybe hoses, belts, connectors and other emission related assemblies.

When a warrantable condition exists, Kohler Co. will repair your heavy-duty off-road & marine engine at no cost to you including diagnosis, parts and labor.



The owner shall not be charged for diagnostic labor that leads to the determination that a warranted part is in fact defective, provided that such diagnostic work is performed at a warranty station.

MANUFACTURER'S WARRANTY COVERAGE

The [current model year – {2+ current model year}] heavy-duty off-road & marine engines are warranted for the periods listed below. If any emission-related part on your engine is defective, the part will be repaired or replaced by Kohler Co.

VARIABLE SPEED OR CONSTANT SPEED	KW <19	ANY SPEED	1,500 HOURS OR TWO YEARS, WHICHEVER COMES FIRST
Constant speed	19 ≤kW <37	3,000 rpm or higher	1,500 hours or two years, whichever comes first
Constant speed	19 ≤kW <37	Less than 3,000 rpm	3,000 hours or five years, whichever comes first
Constant speed	19 ≤kW <37	Any speed	3,000 hours or five years, whichever comes first
Variable speed or constant speed	kW ≥ 37	Any speed	3,000 hours or five years, whichever comes firs

MARINE DIESEL ENGINE

ENGINE POWER	WARRANTY PERIOD
kW < 19	1,500 hours or 2.5 years, whichever comes first
$19 \le kW < 37$	2,500 hours or 3.5 years, whichever comes first
37 ≤ kW < 75	5,000 hours or 5 years, whichever comes first





9

9 GLOSSARY

9.1 Glossary

A

Alternator	A component that transforms mechanical energy into AC electrical energy.
Authorised workshop	Kohler authorised service centre.

В

Bore	Internal diameter of the cylinder in combustion engines.

C

Catalyst	A device in charge of filtering exhausted gas.
Combustion	Chemical reaction of a mixture composed of fuel and fuel (air) inside a combustion chamber.
Common Rail	A high-pressure "Common Duct" that produces a constant supply of fuel directly to the injectors.

D

DCU:	Dosing Control Unit - It is a control unit that checks the SCR system adjusting the DEF dosage inside the SCR catalytic converter according to the parameters detected by the different sensors.
DEF:	"Diesel Exhaust Fluid"

E

EC	"European Community".
ECS	"Emission Control System"
ECU	"Electronic Control Unit"; an electronic device in charge of electronically detecting and controlling other electronic control devices.
EGR	Exhaust Gas Recirculation, in internal combustion engines; a system that enables recirculation of combusted gas by means of taking it in once again, which enables it to break down a part of the pollutants present in the exhaust gas.
EGR Cooler	Recirculated exhaust gas cooling; a system that is able to cool recirculated gas (EGR) from the exhaust. This enables the temperature to remain constant inside the intake manifold, thus improving combustion inside the cylinders and breaking down pollutants further.
Electronic injector	An electronically activated component able to inject jets of atomised fuel inside the cylinders.

GLOSSARY



		Λ
_	~	н

"Environmental Protection Agency - The United States' authority that safeguards the environment"; its duty is to govern and control polluting emissions.

Fig. Figure.

G

Galvanised	Material that has undergone surface protection treatment.
------------	---

Н

Heavy	Type of extreme condition referred to the work environment in which the engine is used (very
conditions	dusty - dirty area, or in a contaminated environment due to various types of gas).

Intercooler	Air-cooling element under pressure from the turbo situated between the turbine and intake manifold.
-------------	---

Κ

KDI	"Kohler Direct Injection"

M

Maintenance - periodic	A group of maintenance actions that have the sole objective to control and replace elements on their expiry, without modifying or improving the functions carried out by the system, neither increasing the value nor improving performance.	
Max. "Maximum".		
Methyl ester	It is a mixture of products by means of a chemical conversion of oils and animal and/or vegetable fat, which is used to produce Biofuel.	
Min	"Minutes".	
Min.	"Minimum".	
Model	"Model", engine identification plate, which indicates the engine's model.	

0

Oil Cooler	Small radiator used to cool the oil.

P

Paragraph.



GLOSSARY

9

Paraffin	Fatty and solid substance that may form inside the diesel.
Poly-V	"Poly-V", the name associated with a service belt, which derives from the profile of its section that is constructed with joined Vs.

R

Ref.	Reference.	
Tiol.	Tidioronioc.	

S

SCR	Selective Catalytic Reduction
s/n	"Serial number" (engine identification name plate) indicating the engine identification series/chassis number.
Spec.	"Specification", (engine identification name plate) indicating the engine version.

T

Tab.	Table.
T-MAP	"T-MAP" (sensor), measures the temperature and absolute pressure inside the intake collector.
TCR	"Turbo Common Rail".
Tightenin g torque	A term indicated for installation of threaded components and which is determined by means of a unit of measurement Nm.
Turbochar ger	Device that compresses air intake by sending it to the intake manifold by means of a turbine.

U

Used Oil altered by operation or time, which is no longer compliant for correct lubrication of the components.
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W

Waste-Gate A device, which is directly or automatically controlled, used to limit the property valve gas inside the turbine.	oressure of exhaust
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GLOSSARY



SYMBOL UNIT OF MEASUREMENT DESCRIPTION EXAMPLE α degree Rotation/inclination angle 1° cm² square centimetre Area 1 cm² Ø millimetre Circumference Ø 1 mm Nm newton-metre Torque 1 Nm mm millimetre 1 mm 1 mm μm 1/1000 of a millimetre (micron) Length 1 μm H hour Time 1 h g/kW grammes per kilowatt per hour Max. flow rate 1 kg/h kg/h kilogramme per hour Max. flow rate 1 kg/h Lt./min. litres per hour Max. flow rate 1 kg/h ppm parts per million Percentage 1 ppm N newton Force 1 N A Ampere Intensity of electrical current 1 A gr. gramme Weight 1 kg kW kilogramme Weight 1 kW kW kilowatt Power	SYMBOLS AND UNITS OF MEASUREMENT			
cm² square centimetre Area 1 cm² Ø millimetre Circumference Ø 1 mm Nm newton-metre Torque 1 Nm mm millimetre 1 mm μm 1/1000 of a millimetre (micron) Length 1 μm H hour Time 1 h g/kW grammes per kilowatt per hour Max. flow rate 1 kg/h kt/nin. litres per minute 1 kg/h Lt./min. litres per hour Flow rate 1 Lt./min. Lt./h litres per hour 1 kg/h Lt./h litres per hour 1 kg/h Lt./h litres per hour 1 Lt./min. Lt./h litres per hour 1 kg/h N newton Percentage 1 kg/h A Ampere Intensity of electrical current 1 A gr. gramme Weight 1 kg kW Willowatt Weight 1 kW pa pascal KRA Kilopascal <t< th=""><th>SYMBOL</th><th>UNIT OF MEASUREMENT</th><th>DESCRIPTION</th><th>EXAMPLE</th></t<>	SYMBOL	UNIT OF MEASUREMENT	DESCRIPTION	EXAMPLE
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H	mm	millimetre		1 mm
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Lt./h litres per hour ppm parts per million Percentage 1 ppm N newton Force 1 N A Ampere Intensity of electrical current 1 A fgr. gramme weight 1 kg W Watt pa pascal 1 pa N Power 1 kW pa pascal 1 pa N N Pressure 1 kmar 1 kmar N N N N N N N N N	kg/h	kilogramme per hour	Max. flow rate	1 kg/h
Lt./h litres per hour 1 Lt./h ppm parts per million Percentage 1 ppm N newton Force 1 N A Ampere Intensity of electrical current 1 A gr. gramme Weight 1 gr. kg kilogramme 1 kg W Watt 1 kW kW kilowatt 1 kW pa pascal 1 pa KPa Kilopascal 1 kPa bar barometric pressure 1 kPa mbar (1/1000 bar) barometric pressure 1 kPa mbar (1/1000 bar) barometric pressure 1 mbar R Resistance Resistance to electrical current (referred to a component) 1 Ω Ω ohm Resistance of electrical current 1 Ω Rpm revs per minute Rotation of an axis 1 Rpm Ra average roughness expressed in microns Roughness 1 Ra °C degree centigrade Temperature 1 °C	Lt./min.	litres per minute	Flow rate	1 Lt./min.
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Rpm revs per minute Rotation of an axis 1 Rpm Ra average roughness expressed in microns Roughness 1 Ra °C degree centigrade Temperature 1°C V Volt Electrical voltage 1 V millimetre Hex-head capscrew 1 mm cm³ cubic centimetre Volume	R	Resistance		1 Ω
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in microns C degree centigrade V Volt Electrical voltage Hex-head capscrew oubic centimetre Volume Tran Tr	Rpm	revs per minute	Rotation of an axis	1 Rpm
V Volt Electrical voltage 1 V millimetre Hex-head capscrew 1 mm cm³ cubic centimetre Volume	Ra		Roughness	1 Ra
 millimetre description descript	°C	degree centigrade	Temperature	1°C
cm ³ cubic centimetre Volume	V	Volt	Electrical voltage	1 V
Volume	•	millimetre	Hex-head capscrew	• 1 mm
Volume	cm ³	cubic centimetre	M-lawa -	1 cm ³
		litre	volume	





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